



Canadian Nosocomial Infection Surveillance Program

Hospital Antibiogram Protocol

2024

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The Canadian Nosocomial Infection Surveillance Program expresses sincere gratitude to Dr. Greg German and Dr. Michael Mulvey for their pioneering work in implementing the Antibiogram Surveillance Program in 2015. Their leadership and dedication were pivotal in the development of this project.

In loving memory of Dr. Michael Mulvey whose unwavering dedication and profound contributions were instrumental to the field of antibiotic resistant microorganisms. He is dearly missed, and his legacy lives on through the impact he made. We are profoundly grateful for his vision, as well as the mark he made on this project and our hearts.

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BACKGROUND

Canada, through the Public Health Agency, has a responsibility to contribute data to the World Health Organization (WHO) Global Antimicrobial Resistance Surveillance System (GLASS) initiative. The antibiogram data collected by CNISP forms a portion of the Canadian submission.

While the main focus of CNISP is on the surveillance of healthcare associated infections, it is also of interest to collect antibiogram data from broader populations who seek care at CNISP hospitals. Since not all CNISP sites are equipped to separate outpatients (receiving care in ER) from inpatients, the current protocol supports data collection of three types of populations: inpatient only, outpatient only and mixed inpatient and outpatients.

The antibiogram surveillance program was implemented in phases. Phase I (2015 – 2017) focused on *Escherichia coli* antibiograms. Starting in 2018, antibiograms for *Klebsiella pneumoniae*, *S. aureus* (if possible, broken down by MSSA and MRSA), *Pseudomonas* & *Acinetobacter* were added. In 2022, *Candida* was added.

OBJECTIVES

The objective of this CNISP initiative is to collect hospital-wide antibiogram data within the CNISP hospital network (and beyond when possible) and provide national resistance rates that may be used for internal and external comparison.

A secondary objective is to reduce antimicrobial resistance. The literature suggests that the collection and feedback of data to healthcare professionals may result in a reduction in resistance through more appropriate use of antimicrobials. Routine standardized collection of antimicrobial resistance rates also assists individual centres in clinical decision-making, design of infection control interventions, and antimicrobial-resistance containment strategies.

METHODS

Site Eligibility

- ✓ Acute-care Canadian hospitals
- ✓ Able to submit the mandatory elements for annual antibiogram data collection for the target organisms (non-screening specimen isolates). Please see ▲
- ✓ <u>APPENDIX 1 CNISP ANTIBIOGRAM REQUIREMENTS Table APPENDIX 1 CNISP ANTIBIOGRAM REQUIREMENTS TABLE</u> for mandatory data elements.

Specimens included in surveillance:

E. coli, K. pneumoniae, S. aureus (MRSA and MSSA if able to separate), Pseudomonas aeruginosa (optional), Acinetobacter baumannii (optional) and Candida spp¹ (optional) are to be included in the annual antibiogram data. Submissions should include non-screening specimen isolates with duplicates removed (see below for accepted duplicate removal processes).

Duplicate removal period is 365 days per surveillance period. Types of accepted duplicate removal processes:

- a. inclusion of only the first isolate per patient irrespective of specimen type, or
- b. inclusion of the first isolate per patient with a hierarchy by specimen type, e.g., blood isolate replace isolate from all other specimen types from the same patient during the period analyzed, or
- c. inclusion of the first isolate per patient by specific specimen type in the period analyzed, i.e., including both first blood isolate and first urine isolate from the same patient during the period analyzed, or
- d. inclusion of first isolate per patient per site but has the possibility of duplicated isolates from a patient within the site or hospital network or health authority not differentiated by specimen type

¹ C. auris, C. albicans, C. glabrata (now known as **Nakaseomyces glabratus)**, C. tropicalis, C. krusei, C. guilliermondii, C. dubliniensis, C. orthopsilosis, C. famata, C. lusitaniae, C. kefyr, C. norvegensis, C. inconspicua, C. lipolytica, C. metapsilosis and other Candida spp.

Surveillance period

Data are retrospectively collected for the current surveillance year and include data from January 1st to December 31st of the previous year. Data are due by March 31st of the current surveillance year.

Example: Data from January 1st 2022 to December 31st 2022 are due by March 31st 2023 as part of the 2022 surveillance year.



If you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact us phac.cnisp-pcsin.aspc@canada.ca

Data Elements

A. Mandatory Minimum Data

Please see

<u>APPENDIX 1 – CNISP ANTIBIOGRAM REQUIREMENTS Table APPENDIX 1 – CNISP ANTIBIOGRAM REQUIREMENTS TABLE</u> for a list of the mandatory data collected for *E. coli, K. pneumoniae*, and *S. aureus* (MSSA and MRSA if able to separate).

Summary of mandatory variables

✓ Patient population

Depending on data availability, all patients can be submitted as either:

- a. Inpatients & outpatients combined, OR
- b. Inpatients only and/or outpatients only (as separate groups).

For hospitals with mixed adults and pediatric patients, ideally data are provided separately for **pediatric** and **adult** groups (See

<u>APPENDIX 1 – CNISP ANTIBIOGRAM REQUIREMENTS Table APPENDIX 1 – CNISP ANTIBIOGRAM REQUIREMENTS TABLE</u>) otherwise 'all patients' will be 'all patients' with no age separation). Please indicate the appropriate descriptor during data entry.

- ✓ Calendar year
- ✓ Does your antibiogram represent more than one CNISP hospital (CHEC site)?
- ✓ Does your antibiogram include hospitals that do not participate in CNISP?
- ✓ How many hospitals are included in the submission?
- ✓ # isolates tested against specified antibiotics
- ✓ # isolates susceptible to specified antibiotics
- ✓ Specimen type
 - Note that 'All specimen types' includes clinical (non-blood such as respiratory, skin, soft tissue, surgical sites etc.), blood and urine.
- √ Isolate inclusion criteria
 - Type of inclusion criteria for isolates included in the antibiogram.
- ✓ Patient inclusion criteria
 - Type of inclusion criteria for patient population included in the antibiogram. For example, "Inpatient and outpatient combined (inpatients and patients seen at hospital clinics or emergency department who might or might not have been admitted)".

B. Optional data

Please see

<u>APPENDIX 1 – CNISP ANTIBIOGRAM REQUIREMENTS Table APPENDIX 1 – CNISP ANTIBIOGRAM REQUIREMENTS TABLE</u> for a list of the optional data collected for *E. coli, K. pneumoniae, S. aureus, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Acinetobacter baumannii,* and *Candida spp.*²

C. Publicly available antibiogram data

If publicly available antibiogram data from Canadian hospitals are identified which contain the minimum data elements and meet the site eligibility requirements, these data will be added to the surveillance dataset by CNISP staff. Publicly-available data will be indicated in the database so that these data can be removed from analyses as necessary.

Data Submission

All data must be submitted to CNISP by email (phac.cnisp-pcsin.aspc@canada.ca) by March 31st.

Submit data using the excel data collection form embedded in APPENDIX 2 — CNISP ANTIBIOGRAM DATA SUBMISSION

FORMAPPENDIX 2 — CNISP ANTIBIOGRAM DATA SUBMISSION FORM and available on the CNPHI CNISP collaboration centre www.cnphi-rcrsp.ca (Documents Manager — CNISP Protocols). Each organism has its own worksheet and the data dictionary and notes are in separate tabs in this excel workbook. All completed excel forms are to be submitted to the CNISP generic email account at cnisp-pcsin@phac-aspc.gc.ca. This year, to ease data entry, pop-up forms have been added to the excel data collection form (see the 'Data Entry Forms' tab). Please note that data can continue to be entered directly into the excel tabs for sites that do not wish to use the pop-up forms. To use the pop-up forms, users will have to allow macros to run in the excel workbook (usually this pops up as a grey band in the excel file – click 'enable macros' to allow macros to run).

Please note the CNPHI web form has been discontinued. If another format of data submission would be easier for your site, please contact cnisp-pcsin@phac-aspc.gc.ca to discuss alternatives.

Additional notes

- o If you are submitting an antibiogram for more than one hospital, please submit a separate form for each hospital
- o If you are submitting antibiogram data for a network of hospitals, please enter all the CHEC sites you are entering data for separated by a comma e.g., 99A, 99B, 99C, 99D, etc
- If you are submitting data for CNISP hospitals and hospitals that do not participate in CNISP, please enter the names of the non-CNISP hospitals

² C. auris, C. albicans, C. grabrata (now known as **Nakaseomyces glabratus),** C. tropicalis, C. krusei, C. guilliermondii, C. dubliniensis, C. orthopsilosis, C. famata, C. lusitaniae, C. kefyr, C. norvegensis, C. inconspicua, C. lipolytica, C. metapsilosis and other Candida spp

Analysis

Rate Calculation

The rate of non-susceptibility will only be reported when there are 30 or more isolates tested for a specific antibiotic (aggregated from data submitted by all hospitals) Organisms (when aggregated) with less than 30 isolates, may be reported pending Working Group review and approval.



NOTE: Please report all organisms, even if the number tested is less than 30 isolates

Proportion of non susceptible organisms

 $_ \ (\# \ isolates \ per \ organism \ reported \ susceptible \ to \ a \ specific \ antibiotic) - (\# \ isolates \ tested \ for \ that \ antibiotic)$

isolates per organisms tested for the same antibiotic

Workload considerations

At many sites, antibiogram surveillance depends on collaboration with the microbiology laboratories that provide antibiogram data for the specific health authority, hospital network, or hospital site. The microbiologists involved in generating the data will be included in the citation or acknowledgement of members of CNISP antibiogram team in publications if requested by the site.

If antibiogram data is not being generated by microbiology laboratories, antibiogram data can be generated by doing case-by-case (isolate-by-isolate) data collection of antibiotic susceptibility data of the target organism for a defined population under surveillance at the health authority, hospital network or hospital site.

ETHICS

This surveillance project is observational and does not involve any alteration in patient care. Surveillance for antimicrobial resistance is a routine component of quality assurance and patient care in Canadian healthcare institutions and therefore informed consent will not be required. All data submitted to the Public Health Agency of Canada are kept strictly confidential. Each aggregate antibiogram will be identified by a unique number and no personal identifiers will be transmitted to the Public Health Agency of Canada. This unique number will be linked to the hospital and will be kept strictly confidential under secure conditions.

Public Access to Individual CNISP Site Data

There is current demand for public disclosure of hospital-associated adverse events. Any data released by CNISP will be in summary format and will not identify individual hospitals. CNISP participants should anticipate that they may be approached to release hospital specific data, especially if the results of this surveillance are published. Hospital administrators should be made aware that national / international reporting will be occurring.

Appendix 1 - CNISP Antibiogram Requirements Table

All results to be reported as number of isolates tested, number of isolates susceptible (i.e., NOT %)

Table 1. Mandatory and optional requirements for each organism specified in CNISP Hospital Antibiogram surveillance.

| | , aa. ep | tional require | Theres for each c | 51 Burnsin | эрсспіса | III CIVISP HOSPITAL ALITID | - Togram survemuneer | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|----------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| Mandatory | E. coli | K. pneumo | S. aureus ¥ (MSSA+MRSA) | MSSA¥ | MRSA¥ | P. aeruginosa ^t | A. baumannii ^t | Candida spp.† |
| Specimen types | | | | | | | | |
| All specimen types* [™] | V | V | V | V | ~ | | | |
| Patient types | | | | | | | | |
| All Patients [™] | > | v | V | V | V | | | |
| Optional | E.coli | K.pneumo | S. aureus [¥] (MSSA+MRSA) | MSSA¥ | MRSA¥ | P. aeruginosa | A. baumannii | Candida spp.* |
| Special Specime | n types | | | | | | | |
| Blood only [™] | ✓ (GLASS request) | ✓ (GLASS request) | ✓ (GLASS request) | | | V | ~ | ~ |
| Urine only [™] | √ (GLASS request) | √ (GLASS request) | | | | | | |
| Location / Patie | nt Types | | | | | | | |
| Pediatric ICU (PICU) [†] | V | ~ | ✓ | | | ✓ | V | |
| Adult ICU [™] | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | |
| Pediatrics <18 yrs.** [†] | V | ~ | V | | | ~ | | |
| Adult ≥ 18 yrs.** [†] | V | ~ | V | | | | | |

^{*}Depending on your laboratory's capabilities – please submit MSSA and MRSA if able to separate; *All specimen types include clinical (non-blood such as respiratory, skin, soft tissue, surgical sites etc.), blood and urine; ** Depending on data availability, all patients can be 1) inpatients & outpatients combined, 2) inpatients only and/or outpatients only (as separate groups). Please indicate the appropriate descriptor during data entry. For hospitals with mixed adults and peds, ideally data to be provided as peds vs. adult separately as optional groups below; otherwise 'all patients' will be all patients with no age separation) Please indicate the appropriate descriptor during data entry. Please note that we recognize some Pediatric only hospitals may have patient's ≥ 18 years of age and some Adult only hospitals may have patients < 18 years of age; The No limit on minimal number of isolates to be reported as data will be reported as national aggregate if > 30 isolates; Please submit each Pseudomonas and Acinetobacter species separately, or specify P. aeruginosa/A.baumannii; Please submit each Candida species separately. For species/antifungal combinations where both susceptible (S) and susceptible-dose dependent (S-DD) breakpoints are available, please submit S. Where S breakpoints are not available (eg. fluconazole/C. glabrata), please submit S-DD results

Table 2. Organism and antibiotic combinations required in CNISP Hospital Antibiogram surveillance.

| Antimicrobials requested | | | S. aureus | | | | | Candida |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------|---------------|----------|-------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| for each organism* | E. coli | K. pneumo | (MSSA + MRSA) | MSSA¥ | MRSA¥ | P. aeruginosa [£] | A. baumannii ^t | spp [†] |
| Amikacin | ~ | V | | | | V | V | |
| Ampicillin | ~ | | | | | | | |
| Amoxicillin/Clavulanate | ~ | ~ | | | | | | |
| Cefuroxime (oral) | ~ | ~ | | | | | | |
| Cefazolin (for systemic use) | ~ | V | | | | | | |
| Cefazolin (for detection of | | | | | | | | |
| oral cephalosporin use) | ~ | ✓ | | | | | | |
| Cefoxitin | ~ | / | | | | | | |
| Ceftriaxone | ~ | > | | | | | | |
| Cefotaxime (Peds) | V | V | | | | | | |
| Ceftazidime | ~ | ✓ | | | | ✓ | v | |
| Ciprofloxacin | ~ | V | | | | V | V | |
| Clindamycin | | | ✓ | ~ | ~ | | | |
| Daptomycin | | | ✓ | | ~ | | | |
| Ertapenem | ~ | V | | | | | | |
| Erythromycin | | | | | ~ | | | |
| Fosfomycin (urine only) | ~ | | | | | | | |
| Fusidic acid | | | ✓ | | ~ | | | |
| Gentamicin | ~ | V | | | | | V | |
| Imipenem | ~ | V | | | | V | V | |
| Linezolid | | | | | ~ | | | |
| Levofloxacin | | | ✓ | V | ~ | | | |
| Meropenem | ~ | ~ | | | | ✓ | ~ | |
| Moxifloxacin | | | ✓ | V | ~ | | | |
| Mupirocin | | | | | | | | |
| Nitrofurantoin (urine only) | ~ | V | | | | | | |
| Oxacillin | | | ✓ | ~ | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Piperacillin-tazobactam | V | V | | | | V | V | |
| Tetracycline / Doxycycline | | | V | ' | | | | |
| Tobramycin | V | V | | | | V | V | |
| Trimethoprim- | | | | | | | | |
| sulfamethoxazole | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | ~ | ~ | | v | |
| Vancomycin | | | ✓ | ~ | ~ | | | |
| Amphotericin B | | | | | | | | ~ |
| Caspofungin | | | | | | | | ~ |
| Fluconazole | | | | | | | | ~ |
| Micafungin | | | | | | | | ~ |
| Voriconazole | | | | | | | | ~ |

^{*}Please submit all antimicrobials available on your panel of those requested; *Depending on your laboratory's capabilities – please submit MSSA and MRSA if able to separate; *Please submit each Pseudomonas and Acinetobacter species separately, or specify P. aeruginosa/A.baumannii; *Please submit each Candida species separately. For species/antifungal combinations where both susceptibility (S) and susceptible-dose dependent (S-DD) breakpoints are available, please submit S. Where S breakpoints are not available (eg. fluconazole/C. glabrata), please submit S-DD results.



NOTE: Please include the **clinical laboratory standard** (e.g. CSLI/EUCAST) and the **version**, that your lab used to determine the minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) breakpoints for each organism in the CNISP Antibiogram Data Submission Form

Appendix 2 – CNISP Antibiogram Data Submission Form

Appendix 3 – CNISP Antibiogram Data Submission Form Data Dictionary

| | Questions | Options/Dictionary |
|----|---|---|
| | What clinical laboratory standard do you use to determine breakpoints? | For each organism, please specify the clinical laboratory standard used to determine the minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) breakpoints (fill in the version): CSLI EUCAST Other, please specify |
| 1. | Calendar year * | Calendar year the antibiogram data represents – Only 2018 available to be chosen from the drop-down list |
| 2. | Does your antibiogram represent more than one hospital (CHEC site)? | □ No - If no, please enter your CHEC site number in the field titled 'CHEC_#' e.g., 99A □ Yes - If yes, please enter the multiple CHEC site numbers (separated by a comma) in the field titled 'CHEC_#'s' e.g., 99A, 99B, 99C etc. Please also indicate the total number of hospitals that are included in the antibiogram (including CNISP sites and non-CNISP sites). |
| 3. | Does your antibiogram include hospitals that do not participate in CNISP? | □ No □ Yes - If yes, your antibiogram does include hospitals that do not participate in CNISP. For example, you are reporting antibiogram data for a health authority that includes CNISP and non-CNISP hospitals, please enter the name(s) of the non-CNISP hospital(s), separated by a comma, in the field titled Non-CNISP_hospital(s) 'e.g., Grey General hospital, Blue Hospital, Turquoise Hospital etc. |
| 4. | Please note that we recognize some Pediatric only hospitals may have patients ≥ 18 years of age and some Adult only hospitals may have patients < 18 years of age | Please indicate the type of patient this antibiogram data represents. Drop down list: Inpatient and outpatient combined represents inpatients (admitted patients) and outpatients (patients seen at hospital clinics or the emergency department) — Inpatients represent ONLY admitted patients; Outpatients represent ONLY non- admitted patients (clinics, ER) Inpatient and outpatient combined Adult only Inpatient and outpatient combined Pediatric only Inpatient and outpatient combined Mixed (adult and pediatric) Inpatient Adult only Outpatient Adult only Inpatient Pediatric only Outpatient Pediatric only Inpatient Mixed (adult & peds) Outpatient Mixed (adult & peds) Adult ICU PICU |
| 5. | Specimen Type | Please indicate the type of specimen/isolates tested from the drop down list. A separate form/row needs to be completed for each 'type' of isolate tested: |
| 6. | Type of duplicate removal | □ Inclusion of only the first isolate per patient irrespective of specimen type □ Inclusion of the first isolate per patient with a hierarchy by specimen type, e.g., blood isolate replace isolate from all other specimen types from the same patient during the period analyzed □ Inclusion of the first isolate per patient by specific specimen type in the period analyzed, i.e., including both first blood isolate and first urine isolate from the same patient during the period analyzed |

| | | □ Inclusion of first isolate per patient per site but has the possibility of duplicated isolates from a patient within the site or hospital network or health authority not differentiated by specimen type □ Other, please specify |
|----|--|--|
| 7. | Does your antibiogram data have any specific limitations that would be important for us to know? | Please describe using free text |
| Λ | ntihiogram roculte | |

Antibiogram results

E. coli

Number of isolates tested and number of isolates susceptible for the following antibiotics

| Antibiotic | # isolates tested | #S |
|---|-------------------|----|
| Amikacin | | |
| Ampicillin | | |
| Amoxicillin/Clavulanate | | |
| Cefuroxime (oral) | | |
| Cefazolin (for systemic use) | | |
| Cefazolin (for detection of oral cephalosporin use) | | |
| Cefoxitin | | |
| Ceftriaxone | | |
| Cefotaxime (Peds) | | |
| Ceftazidime | | |
| Ciprofloxacin | | |
| Amikacin | | |
| Ertapenem | | |
| Fosfomycin (urine only) | | |
| Gentamicin | | |
| Imipenem | | |
| Meropenem | | |
| Nitrofurantoin (urine only) | | |
| Piperacillin-tazobactam | | |
| Tobramycin | | |
| Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole | | |

K. pneumo

Number of isolates tested and number of isolates susceptible for the following antibiotics

| Antibiotic | # isolates tested | #S |
|---|-------------------|----|
| Amikacin | | |
| Ampicillin | | |
| Amoxicillin/Clavulanate | | |
| Cefuroxime (oral) | | |
| Cefazolin (for systemic use) | | |
| Cefazolin (for detection of oral cephalosporin use) | | |
| Cefoxitin | | |
| Ceftriaxone | | |
| Cefotaxime (Peds) | | |
| Ceftazidime | | |
| Ciprofloxacin | | |

| | Amikacin | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | Ertapenem | | |
| | Gentamicin | | |
| | Imipenem | | |
| | Meropenem | | |
| | Nitrofurantoin (urine only) | | |
| | Piperacillin-tazobactam | | |
| | Tobramycin | | |
| | Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole | | |
| | | | |
| S. aureus | Antibiotic | # isolates tested | #S |
| (MSSA + MRSA) | Clindamycin | | |
| , | Daptomycin | | |
| Number of isolates tested | Fusidic acid | | |
| and number of isolates | Levofloxacin | | |
| susceptible for the following | Moxifloxacin | | |
| antibiotics | Mupirocin | | |
| | Oxacillin | | |
| | Tetracycline / Doxycycline | | |
| | Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole | | |
| | Vancomycin | | |
| 2000 | vancomyciii | | |
| MSSA | Antibiotic | # isolates tested | # |
| Number of isolates tested | Clindamycin | | |
| and number of isolates | Levofloxacin | | |
| susceptible for the following | Moxifloxacin | | |
| antibiotics | Oxacillin | | |
| | Tetracycline / Doxycycline | | |
| | Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole | | |
| | Vancomycin | | |
| | Antibiotic | # isolates tested | # |
| MRSA | Clindamycin | | |
| Number of isolates tested | Daptomycin | | |
| and number of isolates | Erythromycin | | |
| susceptible for the following antibiotics | Fusidic acid | | |
| difficiones. | Linezolid | | |
| | Mupirocin | | |
| | Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole | | |
| | Vancomycin | | |
| | | | |
| | Antibiotic | # isolates tested | # |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa | Amikacin | | " |
| | Ceftazidime | | |
| | | | |
| Number of isolates tested | Cinroflovacin | | 1 |
| and number of isolates | Ciprofloxacin | | |
| • | Ciprofloxacin Gentamicin Imipenem | | |

| | Meropenem Piperacillin Piperacillin-tazobactam | | |
|-------------------------------|--|-------------------|----|
| | Tobramycin | | |
| | Antibiotic | # isolates tested | #S |
| Acinetobacter baumannii | Amikacin | | |
| Number of isolates tested | Ceftazidime | | |
| and number of isolates | Ciprofloxacin | | |
| susceptible for the following | Gentamicin | | |
| antibiotics | Imipenem | | |
| | Meropenem | | |
| | Piperacillin-tazobactam | | |
| | Tobramycin | | |
| | Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole | | |

Candida spp.

Number of isolates tested and number of isolates susceptible for the following antifungals ->

| Antifungal | # isolates tested | #S |
|----------------|-------------------|----|
| Amphoteracin B | | |
| Caspofungin | | |
| Fluconazole | | |
| Micafungin | | |
| Voriconazole | | |

Please specify Genus and species for each Candida species reported.

For species/antifungal combinations where both susceptibility (S) and susceptible-dose dependent (S-DD) breakpoints are available, please submit only S. Where S breakpoints are not available (eg. Fluconazole/C. glabrata), please submit S-DD results using the "S" data field on the form.

Candida spp. include C. auris, C. albicans, C. glabrata (now known as **Nakaseomyces glabratus**), C. tropicalis, C. krusei, C. guilliermondii, C. dubliniensis, C. orthopsilosis, C. famata, C. lusitaniae, C. kefyr, C. norvegensis, C. inconspicua, C. lipolytica, C. metapsilosis and other Candida spp.

References

WHO Step-by-step approach for development and implementation of hospital antibiotic policy and standard treatment guidelines URL: http://apps.who.int/medicinedocs/documents/s19184en/s19184en.pdf

CLSI guidelines URL: https://clsi.org/

WHO/Glass URL: http://www.who.int/glass/en/

Revision History

| Date | Revisions Made |
|---------------|--|
| November 2017 | Protocol and data collection form (on-line at CNPHI and excel data entry form) created |
| April 2018 | Data collection period changed to calendar year or fiscal year Duplicate removal period clarified as 365 days per surveillance period Variable = Type of duplicate removal added Will now accept <30 isolates for certain subpopulations such as ICU, SOT, BMT etc. Will only be reported as aggregate if total number of isolates from all hospitals reporting is >30) if data is available. |
| February 2019 | More organisms added to antibiogram data collection |
| December 2019 | Added section on publicly available data Removed requirement of the hospital being a CNISP site |
| January 2020 | Protocol format updated |
| Sept 2020 | Removed UniqueID and # of antibiogram questions Removed recommendations and microbio contact info questions |
| Oct 2020 | Updated embedded template form |
| Jan 2022 | Added Candida to optional submissions |
| | Added question on # of hospitals included in antibiogram |
| | Added option to submit data from multiple years in one data entry form |
| Jan 2023 | No changes. |
| Nov 2023 | Removed treatment/organism combinations in which the organism was inherently resistant |
| | Added Moxifloxacin and Levofloxacin to S. aureus and MSSA, added Trimethoprimsulfamethoxazole to Acinetobacter. |

Added a field to collect the clinical laboratory standard used to determine the breakpoints for each organism